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| <p>1. The Open Door Policy</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A encouraged foreigners to immigrate to the United States. B established tariff-free policies for imports from England. C eliminated immigration restrictions against Chinese people. D proposed equal trading rights in China for all countries. <p>2. President Taft's dollar diplomacy</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A proposed giving money to Asia to promote trade. B provided money to purchase Panama from France. C urged American banks and businesses to invest in Latin American countries. D provided incentives to encourage emigration from Europe. <p>3. Dollar diplomacy was designed to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A discourage European intervention in Latin America. B strengthen the U.S. dollar versus European currency. C end the Great Depression. D purchase new territories in Latin America. <p>4. The Spanish-American War expanded the power of the United States by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A assisting the Philippines in gaining their independence. B gaining Haiti as a colonial territory. C obtaining Cuba as a state. D encouraging Panama to seek independence from Colombia. <p>5. During World War I, two of the Central Powers were</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A Germany and Austria-Hungary. B Bosnia and Turkey. C Poland and France. D Russia and the Ottoman Empire. | <p>6. Woodrow Wilson's plan to end all causes of war was known as the</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A Treaty of Versailles. B Fourteen Points. C Schlieffen Plan. D Open Door Policy. <p>7. Which territory was acquired as a result of the Spanish American war?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A Hawaii B Cuba C Mexico D Puerto Rico <p>8. America abandoned her policy of isolationism in the late nineteenth century in order to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A liberate Japan from China. B help Latin American countries gain freedom from Spain. C avoid war with Germany. D obtain overseas markets for goods. <p>9. The Open Door Policy was proposed by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A Secretary of State John Hay. B President Taft. C President Theodore Roosevelt. D Secretary of State John Foster Dulles. <p>10. Which of the following is a true statement about the Treaty of Versailles?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A It created the United Nations. B It caused President Wilson's popularity to increase in the United States. C The United States' failed to ratify the treaty. D It failed to hold Germany accountable for the war. |
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1. All of the following were mediums of communications and expansion of popular culture in the 1920s EXCEPT

- A radio.
- B movies.
- C television
- D newspapers.

2. President Franklin D. Roosevelt's radio broadcasts were known as

- A Scopes Review.
- B Speakeasies.
- C Fireside Chats.
- D New Deal.

3. The role of women in America changed most significantly in 1920s due to the

- A rise of the New KKK.
- B passage of the 18th Amendment.
- C widespread overspeculation.
- D passage of the 19th Amendment.

4. The Stock Market crashed in 1929 for all of the following reasons EXCEPT

- A bank deposits could not be invested in the stock market.
- B overspeculation in the stock market by investors.
- C excessive expansion of credit after World War I.
- D business failures led to bankruptcies.

5. What was NOT an impact of the Great Depression?

- A Unemployment and homelessness
- B Higher demand for goods
- C Collapse of financial system
- D Political unrest as labor unions grew militant

6. What was the legacy of the New Deal?

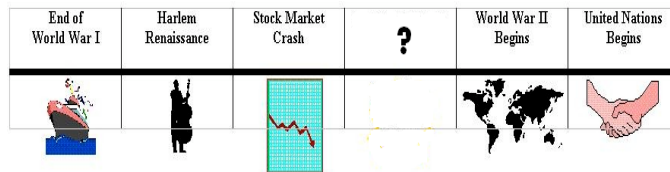
- A Made businesses more responsible for the economy
- B Stronger belief in government responsibility to deliver public services and to intervene in the economy
- C Continued homelessness and unemployment through the twentieth century
- D Political unrest as Americans grew less dependent on the government and more dependent on business

7. The Federal Reserve System's actions in the later 1920s

- A reduced the rate of protective tariffs.
- B decreased speculation in the stock market.
- C failed to prevent the collapse of the banking system.
- D increased the supply of money in the marketplace.

8. Which BEST describes the New Deal?

- A It permanently altered the role of government in the economy.
- B It quickly brought the country out of the Great Depression.
- C Its measures had little long-term effect.
- D It led to high protective tariffs in the world market.



9. Which event BEST completes the timeline above?

- A Dollar Diplomacy
- B Creation of the League of Nations
- C Franklin Roosevelt's Death
- D The Great Depression

10. The Great Depression ultimately ended following

- A United States involvement in World War II.
- B the creation of the New Deal.
- C the beginning of labor unionization.
- D actions by the Federal Reserve System.